

Key Vocabulary

Early settlers	The first people to settle in an area, including Romans Vikings and Anglo Saxons
Settlement	A village, town or city where people live.
Agriculture	The farming of crops or animals.
Industrial	Businesses that provide products and services.
Leisure	Use of free time for enjoyment
Demographic	The structure of populations.
Compass Points	One of the 32 marks on the dial of a compass that show direction, for example north, south, east, and west.

Key Aim: To describe and understand key aspects of human geography including types of settlements and land use, economic activity including trade links, the distribution of resources such as food and water in both the context of the needs of early settlers and comparing land use in different settlements.



We will look at why early settlers chose to settle where they did, how settlements grew and changed and how the use of land has changed. We will use grids, symbols and keys (including the use of ordinance survey maps) to build on our knowledge of the United Kingdom, identifying links between settlements.